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CLAIMS:

1. A compound of formula (I):

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein:

one of X_1 , X_2 , X_3 and X_4 is N and the others are C;

Y is -C(O)-, $-S(O)_2$ -, or -C(NH)-;

Z is C_{1-4} alkylene, oxygen, -(CH₂)_mO-, -O(CH₂)_m-, -NR-, -(CH₂)_mNR-,

-NR(CH₂)_m-, -(CH₂)_mS(O)₂-, or a bond;

m is 1, 2, 3, or 4;

R is C₀₋₄alkyl, C₀₋₄alkylaryl, or C₀₋₄alkylhetaryl;

R¹ and R¹ are each independently, halogen, hydroxy, cyano, C₀₋₄alkyl, C₁₋₄alkoxy, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, ethenyl, or ethynyl;

R² is C_{0.4}alkyl, COOR⁶, COR⁶, C_{1.4}alkoxyC_{1.4}alkyl-, hydroxyC_{1.4}alkyl-, cycloalkylC_{0.4}alkyl-, arylC_{0.4}alkyl-, or hetarylC_{0.4}alkyl-, wherein any of the aryl or hetaryl rings are optionally substituted with 1-2 independent halogen, cyano, C_{1.4}alkyl, C_{1.4}alkoxy, -N(C_{0.4}alkyl)(C_{0.4}alkyl), -SO₂C_{1.4}alkyl, -SO₂N(C_{0.4}alkyl)(C_{0.4}alkyl), hydroxy, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, or trifluoromethyl substituents;

 R^3 is hydrogen, $-COOC_{0.4}$ alkyl, $C_{1.4}$ alkoxy, $C_{1.4}$ alkyl, aryl $C_{1.4}$ alkylthio-, $-C_{0.4}$ alkylaryl, $-C_{0.4}$ alkylectoryl, or $-C_{0.4}$ alkylheterocyclyl, wherein any of the rings is optionally substituted with 1-3 independent halogen, cyano, $C_{1.4}$ alkyl, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, $-C_{0.4}$ alkylNHC(O)O($C_{1.4}$ alkyl), $-C_{0.4}$ alkylNR⁷R⁸, $-C(O)R^9$, $C_{1.4}$ alkoxy $C_{0.4}$ alkyl-, $-COOC_{0.4}$ alkyl, $-C_{0.4}$ alkylNHC(O)R⁹, $-C_{0.4}$ alkylC(O)N(R¹⁰)₂, $-C_{1.4}$ alkoxy $C_{1.4}$ alkoxy, hydroxy $C_{0.4}$ alkyl-, $-NHSO_2R^{10}$, $-SO_2(C_{1.4}$ alkyl), $-SO_2NR^{11}R^{12}$, 5- to 6-membered heterocyclyl, phenyl $C_{0.2}$ alkoxy, or phenyl $C_{0.2}$ alkyl substituents, wherein phenyl is optionally substituted with 1-2 independent halogen, cyano, $C_{1.4}$ alkyl, $C_{1.4}$ alkoxy, $-N(C_{0.4}$ alkyl)($C_{0.4}$ alkyl), $-SO_2N(C_{0.4}$ alkyl), hydroxy, fluoromethyl, difluoromethyl, or trifluoromethyl substituents, or two bonds on a ring carbon of the heterocyclyl group optionally can form an oxo (=O) substituent;

or \mathbb{R}^3 is $-\mathbb{NR}^4(-\mathbb{C}_{0\rightarrow}alkyl\mathbb{R}^5)$;

 R^4 is $C_{0.3}$ alkyl, $-C_{2.3}$ alkyl-NR⁷R⁸, $C_{3.6}$ cycloalkyl optionally substituted by hydroxyC_{0.4}alkyl- further optionally substituted by hydroxy, $C_{1.2}$ alkoxyC_{2.4}alkyl-, or $C_{1.2}$ alkyl-S(O)_n-C_{2.3}alkyl-;

n is 0, 1, or 2;

R⁵ is hydrogen, hydroxyC₂₋₃alkyl-, C₁₋₂alkoxyC₀₋₄alkyl-, or aryl, hetaryl, or heterocyclyl;

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wherein a heterocyclic nitrogen-containing R^5 ring optionally is mono-substituted on the ring nitrogen with C_{1-4} alkyl, benzyl, benzoyl, C_{1-4} alkyl-C(O)-, $-SO_2C_{1-4}$ alkyl, $-SO_2N(C_0$ -Aalkyl)(C_0 Aalkyl), C_1 Aalkoxycarbonyl, or aryl(C_1 Aalkoxy)carbonyl; and wherein the R^5 rings are optionally mono-substituted on a ring carbon with halogen, cyano, C_1 Aalkyl-C(O)-, C_1 Aalkyl- SO_2 -, C_1 Aalkyl, C_1 Aalkoxy, hydroxy, $-N(C_0$ Aalkyl)(C_0 Aalkyl), hydroxy C_0 Aalkyl-, or C_0 Aalkylcarbamoyl-, provided that no quaternised nitrogen is included; or two bonds on a ring carbon of the heterocyclyl group optionally can form an oxo (=O) substituent;

R⁶ is C₁₋₄alkyl, aryl, or hetaryl;

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R⁷ and R⁸ are independently C₀₋₄alkyl, C₃₋₆cycloalkyl, or CO(C₁₋₄alkyl);

R⁹ is C₁₋₄alkyl, or C₃₋₆cycloalkyl;

R¹⁰ is C₀₋₄alkyl, or C₃₋₆cycloalkyl; and

R¹¹ and R¹² are independently C₀₋₄alkyl or together with the nitrogen to which they are attached may form a 4- to 6-membered heterocycle;

provided there are no nitrogen-oxygen, nitrogen-nitrogen, oxygen-oxygen or nitrogen-halogen bonds in the grouping -Y-Z-R³.

- 2. A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein X_3 is N.
- 3. A compound according to claim 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein X₁ is N.
 - 4. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein Y is -C(O)- or $-S(O)_2$ -.
 - 5. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein Z is C_{1-4} alkylene, oxygen, $-(CH_2)_mO_{-}$, -NR- or a bond.
 - 6. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims 1, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R¹ and R^{1'} are each independently, hydrogen or halogen.
 - 7. A compound according to claim 6, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein one of R^1 and $R^{1'}$ is hydrogen and the other is 5-chloro.
- 8. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R² is hydrogen.
 - 9. A compound according to any one of the preceding claims, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, wherein R³ is hydrogen, -NR⁴R⁵, -NR⁴(-C₁₋₄alkylR⁵), aryl, hetaryl, or heterocyclyl wherein any of the rings is optionally substituted as defined in claim 1.
 - 10. A compound of formula (I) as defined in any one of Examples 1 to 25, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to any one of claims 11. 1 to 10, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- A method for the treatment of a disease or condition in which glycogen phosphorylase 12. plays a role comprising a step of administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 10, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- A method for the treatment of hyperglycemia or diabetes comprising a step of 13. administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 10, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- A method for the prevention of diabetes in a human demonstrating pre-diabetic 14. hyperglycemia or impaired glucose tolerance comprising a step of administering to a subject in need thereof an effective prophylactic amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 10, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- A method for the treatment of hypercholesterolemia, hyperinsulinemia, hyperlipidemia, 15. hypertension, atherosclerosis or tissue ischemia, or achieving cardioprotection or inhibition of abnormal cell growth, comprising a step of administering to a subject in need thereof an effective amount of a compound according to any one of claims 1 to 10, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- A compound of formula (IV):

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wherein R^1 , $R^{1'}$, R^2 , X_1 , X_2 , X_3 and X_4 are as defined in claim 1, or a protected derivative thereof.

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